

## Veradigm's Cardiology and Metabolic Registry Qualified Clinical Data Registry (QCDR)

Measure	Measure Title	Measure Description	Measure Type	NQS Domain	Meaningful Measure Area	Comparable Cardio / Meta ID
<u>CQMS 326</u> (NQF 1525)	Atrial Fibrillation and Atrial Flutter: Chronic Anticoagulation Therapy	Percentage of patients aged 18 years and older with nonvalvular atrial fibrillation (AF) or atrial flutter who were prescribed warfarin OR another FDA-approved oral anticoagulant drug for the prevention of thromboembolism during the measurement period.	Process	Effective Clinical Care	Management of Chronic Conditions	Cardio 161
CQMS 243 (NQF 0643)	Cardiac Rehabilitation Patient Referral from an Outpatient Setting	Percentage of patients evaluated in an outpatient setting who within the previous 12 months have experienced an acute myocardial infarction (MI), coronary artery bypass graft (CABG) surgery, a percutaneous coronary intervention (PCI), cardiac valve surgery, or cardiac transplantation, or who have chronic stable angina (CSA) and have not already participated in an early outpatient cardiac rehabilitation/ secondary prevention (CR) program for the qualifying event/diagnosis who were referred to a CR program.	Process High Priority	Communication and Care Coordination	Preventive Care	Cardio 108
CQMS 47 (NQF 0326)	Advance Care Plan	Percentage of patients aged 65 years and older who have an advance care plan or surrogate decision maker documented in the medical record or documentation in the medical record that an advance care plan was discussed but the patient did not wish or was not able to name a surrogate decision maker or provide an advance care plan.	Process High Priority	Communication and Care Coordination	Care is Personalized and Aligned with Patient's Goals	Cardio 14 Meta 10
CQMS 118 (NQF 0066)	Coronary Artery Disease: Angiotensin- Converting Enzyme (ACE) Inhibitor or Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB) Therapy- Diabetes or Left Ventricular Systolic Dysfunction (LVEF < 40%)	Percentage of patients aged 18 years and older with a diagnosis of coronary artery disease seen within a 12- month period who also have diabetes OR a current or prior Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction (LVEF) < 40% who were prescribed ACE inhibitor or ARB therapy.	Process	Effective Clinical Care	Management of Chronic Conditions	Cardio 107 Meta 2
CQMS 6 (NQF 0067)	Coronary Artery Disease: Antiplatelet Therapy	Percentage of patients aged 18 years and older with a diagnosis of coronary artery disease (CAD) seen within a 12-month period who were prescribed aspirin or clopidogrel.	Process	Effective Clinical Care	Management of Chronic Conditions	Cardio 105

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<u>CQMS 7</u> (NQF 0070)	Coronary Artery Disease (CAD): Beta- Blocker Therapy – Prior Myocardial Infarction (MI) or Left Ventricular Systolic Dysfunction (LVEF < 40%)	Percentage of patients aged ≥18 years with a diagnosis of coronary artery disease seen within a 12- month period who also have prior myocardial infarction or a current or prior LVEF <40% who were prescribed beta-blocker therapy. *2 performance rates*	Process	Effective Clinical Care	Management of Chronic Conditions	Cardio 106
<u>eCQM:</u> <u>CMS145v1</u> 1	Coronary Artery Disease (CAD): Beta- Blocker Therapy – Prior Myocardial Infarction (MI) or Left Ventricular Systolic Dysfunction (LVEF < 40%)	Percentage of patients aged ≥18 years with a diagnosis of coronary artery disease seen within a 12- month period who also have prior myocardial infarction or a current or prior LVEF <40% who were prescribed beta-blocker therapy. *2 performance rates*	Process	Effective Clinical Care	Management of Chronic Conditions	
<u>CQMS 1</u> (NQF 0059)	Diabetes: Hemoglobin A1c Poor Control	Percentage of patients $18-75$ years of age with diabetes who had hemoglobin A1c > 9.0% during the measurement period.	Intermediate Outcome High Process Inverse	Effective Clinical Care	Management of Chronic Conditions	Meta 1
<u>eCQM:</u> CMS122v11	Diabetes: Hemoglobin A1c Poor Control	Percentage of patients 18-75 years of age with diabetes who had hemoglobin $A1c > 9.0\%$ during the measurement period (12 months from date of encounter).	Outcome Inverse	Effective Clinical Care	Management of Chronic Conditions	
<u>CQMS 130</u>	Documentation of Current Medications in the Medical Record	Percentage of visits for patients aged 18 years and older for which the eligible clinician attests to documenting a list of current medications using all immediate resources available on the date of the encounter. This list must include ALL known prescriptions, over-the-counters, herbals, and vitamin/ mineral/dietary (nutritional) supplements AND must contain the medications' name, dosage, frequency, and route of administration.	Process High Priority	Patient Safety	Medication Management	

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<u>eCQM:</u> <u>CMS68v1</u> 2	Documentation of Current Medications in the Medical Record	Percentage of visits for patients aged 18 years and older for which the eligible clinicians attest to documenting a list of current medications using all immediate resources available on the date of the encounter. This list must include ALL known prescriptions, over-the-counters, herbals, and vitamin/mineral/dietary (nutritional) supplements AND must contain the medications' name, dosage, frequency, and route of administration.	Process High Priority	Patient Safety	Medication Management	
<u>CQMS 8</u> (NQF 0083)	Heart Failure (HF): Beta-Blocker Therapy for Left Ventricular Systolic Dysfunction (LVSD)	Percentage of patients aged 18 years and older with a diagnosis of heart failure (HF) with a current or prior left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) < 40% who were prescribed beta-blocker therapy either within a 12-month period when seen in the outpatient setting OR at each hospital discharge.	Process	Effective Clinical Care	Management of Chronic Conditions	Cardio 144
<u>eCQM:</u> <u>CMS144v1</u> 1	Heart Failure: Beta- Blocker Therapy for Left Ventricular Systolic Dysfunction LVSD	Percentage of patients aged 18 years and older with a diagnosis of heart failure (HF) with a current or prior left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) < 40% who were prescribed beta-blocker therapy either within a 12-month period when seen in the outpatient setting OR at each hospital discharge.	Process	Effective Clinical Care	Management of Chronic Conditions	
<u>CQMS 5</u> (NQF 0081)	Heart Failure: Angiotensin- Converting Enzyme (ACE) Inhibitor or Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB) Therapy or Angiotensin Receptor-Neprilysin Inhibitor (ARNI) therapy for Left Ventricular Systolic Dysfunction (LVSD)	Percentage of patients aged 18 years and older with a diagnosis of heart failure(HF) with a current or prior left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) < 40% who were prescribed ACE inhibitor or ARB or ARNI therapy either within a 12-month period when seen in the outpatient setting OR at each hospital discharge.	Process	Effective Clinical Care	Management of Chronic Conditions	Cardio 145

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<u>eCQM:</u> <u>CMS135v1</u> 1	Heart Failure: Angiotensin- Converting Enzyme (ACE) Inhibitor or Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB) Therapy or Angiotensin Receptor-Neprilysin Inhibitor (ARNI) therapy for Left Ventricular Systolic Dysfunction (LVSD)	Percentage of patients aged 18 years and older with a diagnosis of heart failure(HF) with a current or prior left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) < 40% who were prescribed ACE inhibitor or ARB or ARNI therapy either within a 12-month period when seen in the outpatient setting OR at each hospital discharge.	Process	Effective Clinical Care	Management of Chronic Conditions	
<u>CQMS 441</u>	Ischemic Vascular Disease (IVD) All or None Outcome Measure (Optimal Control)	<ul> <li>The IVD All-or-None Measure is one outcome measure (optimal control). The measure contains four goals. All four goals within a measure must be reached in order to meet that measure. The numerator for the all-or-none measure should be collected from the organization's total IVD denominator. All-or-None Outcome Measure (Optimal Control) - Using the IVD denominator optimal results include:</li> <li>Most recent blood pressure (BP) measurement is less than or equal to 140/90 mm Hg—AND</li> <li>Most recent tobacco status is Tobacco Free—AND</li> <li>Daily Aspirin or Other Antiplatelet Unless Contraindicated—AND</li> <li>Statin Use Unless Contraindicated</li> </ul>	Intermediate Outcome High Priority	Effective Clinical Care	Management of Chronic Conditions	

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CQMS 226 (NQF 0028)	Preventive Care and Screening: Tobacco Use: Screening and Cessation Intervention	Percentage of patients aged 18 years and older who were screened for tobacco use one or more times within 24 months AND who received tobacco cessation intervention if identified as a tobacco user. <b>*3 performance rates</b> *	Process	Community/ Population Health	Prevention and Treatment of Opioid and Substance Use Disorders	Cardio 104 Meta 4
<u>eCQM:</u> <u>CMS138v1</u> 1	Preventive Care and Screening: Tobacco Use: Screening and Cessation Intervention	Percentage of patients aged 18 years and older who were screened for tobacco use one or more times within 24 months AND who received tobacco cessation intervention if identified as a tobacco user. <b>*3 performance rates</b> *	Process	Community/ Population Health	Prevention and Treatment of Opioid and Substance Use Disorders	
CQMS 126 (NQF 0417)	Diabetes Mellitus: Diabetic Foot and Ankle Care, Peripheral Neuropathy- Neurological Evaluation	Percentage of patients aged 18 years and older with a diagnosis of diabetes mellitus who had a neurological examination of their lower extremities within 12 months.	Process	Effective Clinical Care	Preventative Care	
<u>CQMS 236</u>	Controlling High Blood Pressure	Percentage of patients 18-85 years of age who had a diagnosis of essential hypertension starting before and continuing into, or starting during the first six months of the measurement period, and whose most recent blood pressure was adequately controlled (<140/90mmHg) during the measurement period	Intermediate Outcome – High Priority	Effective Clinical Care	Management of Chronic Conditions	
<u>CQMS 438</u>	Statin Therapy for the Prevention and Treatment of Cardiovascular Disease	Percentage of patients 65 years of age and older who were ordered at least two high-risk medications from the same drug class.	Process	Effective Clinical Care	Management of Chronic Conditions	
<u>CQMS 238</u>	Use of High-Risk Medication in Older Adults	Percentage of patients 65 years of age and older who were ordered at least two high-risk medications from the same drug class *2 performance rates*	Process – High Priority	Patient Safety	Management of Chronic Conditions	Cardio 172
eCQM ID: CMS156v11	Use of High-Risk Medication in Older Adults	Percentage of patients 65 years of age and older who were ordered at least two high-risk medications from the same drug class. *2 performance rates*	Process – High Priority	Patient Safety	Management of Chronic Conditions	

## 2024 CMS Requirements

**Individual Provider Reporting:** Eligible providers must report at least six measures, including one outcome measure. If an outcome measure is not available that is applicable to your specialty or practice, choose a high priority measure. Measures must be calculated with at least 70 percent of the providers patients (all-payer) included in the denominator.

**Group Practice Reporting:** A group is defined as a single tax identification number (TIN) with two or more clinicians (at least one clinician within the group must be MIPS eligible) as identified by their national provider identifier (NPI), who have reassigned their Medicare billing rights to a single TIN must report at least six measures, including one outcome measure. If an outcome measure is not available that is applicable to your specialty or practice, choose a high priority measure. Measures must be calculated with at least 70 percent of the providers patients (all-payer) included in the denominator.

Measure specifications for CQMS measures are available where hyperlinked. All measures are proportional, traditional (unless indicated differently under Measure Type) and are not risk adjusted.

Veradigm Cardiology Registry and Veradigm Metabolic Registry are operated in association with the American College of Cardiology



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